

#### **NONPROFITS**

- **Budgets reflect strategic priorities** that are informed by the communities served.
- Budget process and policies ensure incorporation of all necessary expenses and investments, and identification of cost-saving opportunities.
- Budgets demonstrate pursuit of diversified, longterm, predictable funding. Note that the purpose of diversified funding is to build financial stability with more funders and to mitigate the risk of depending on only one or a small number, but there is no ideal number – diversification, renewable funding, and multi-year commitments are three ways to work towards sufficient and reliable funding.
- Budgets are built from and inclusive of each key function of the organization and include projections for both programs and the operations required to maintain organizational health.

### **FUNDERS**

- Learn about the financial strengths and challenges of the organizations, and encourage budgets that reflect strategic priorities and all necessary costs of doing business.
- Provide multi-year funding where possible and engage in conversations about opportunities to foster diversified, long-term, predictable funding<sup>2</sup>, helping nonprofits find and connect with other resources where possible.
- Provide unrestricted general operating support that enables nonprofits to cover all necessary costs for key functions, including not just programs but also core operations that are necessary to advance programs. Core operations include: financial management, human resources, communications, development, planning and evaluation, and equity and inclusion work (operationalized as training and development, equity audits, and actions like pay equity adjustments and centering voices of those served in program development).
- Decrease the application and reporting burden on nonprofits, freeing up their resources to focus on carrying out their mission, by simplifying and streamlining application and reporting requirements and by accepting applications and reports prepared for other funders.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Corporate and government funders may have different constraints on the ability to provide multi-year funding, but consider options that can support the stability of organizations and encourage strategic investments to meet emerging needs.

"We got on an unsustainable grant writing cycle of needing to write grants each year. More multi-year grants from foundations would be much more efficient—if there were fewer one-off smaller grants in favor of larger multiyear grants." —Local nonprofit leader "There is no "right" business model or balance sheet, other than the one that contributes to an organization's ability to manage the unexpected, adapt to changing circumstances, and pursue mission imperatives."—Nonprofit Finance Fund's *Top Indicators of Nonprofit Financial Health* 

**CORE OPERATIONS COSTS:** In discussion sessions, nonprofit leaders noted what they saw as problematic assumptions about the myth of overhead costs and their perception that funders are unwilling to pay for essential and priority core operations costs (including planning, equity and inclusion work, talent investment, communications, evaluation), despite national discourse and agreement on the importance of full-cost budgeting and funding.

**MYTH:** Abandon the overhead myth. Evaluating and restricting a non-profit's "overhead" expenses creates a starvation cycle and bleeds the organization and the sector of funds that are absolutely necessary for a thriving business, core operations, productive employees, and meaningful impact. **REALITY:** 100% of every dollar goes to impact.

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## CREATE STRATEGIC BUDGETS: QUESTIONS FOR NONPROFITS



High

Medium

Low

1.1: Does our organization have a strategy (a written plan for how we make decisions and how we use our resources) that is informed by the community served?

YES NO NOT SURE N/A

If so, HOW? If not, WHY?

Brainstorm: How Do We Improve? Ideas, Learning, Next Steps PRIORITY:

YES	NO	NOT SURE	N/A				
fso, HOW? If	not, WHY?						
Rrainstorm: 1	low Do We Impr	ove? Ideas, Learning, Next	Stens	PRIORITY:	High	Medium	Low
n amscorm. r	low bo we impr	ove: ideas, Learning, ivex	Зсерз	PRIORITI.	riigii	Wediam	LOW
a. Do wo d	oliver financial	ly sustainable services	- mooning wo () o	ccuratoly undorstan	d our dir	oct program	costs
nd necessa		osts, and 2) consistent					
YES	NO	NOT SURE	N/A				

Brainstorm: How Do We Improve? Ideas, Learning, Next Steps

Low

High Medium

PRIORITY:

		our budget process, dec prioritize and make decisions ab				For example, do	we
YES	NO	NOT SURE	N/A				
If so, HOW? If r	not, WHY?						
Brainstorm: Ho	ow Do We Improve	? Ideas, Learning, Next Step	S	PRIORITY:	High	Medium	Low
		III necessary costs and in ions required to maintai		-	, inclusiv	e of not just	
YES	NO	NOT SURE	N/A				
If so, HOW? If r	oot, WHY?						
Brainstorm: Ho	ow Do We Improve	? Ideas, Learning, Next Step	S	PRIORITY:	High	Medium	Low

# 1.6: Does our budget process include regularly identifying cost-saving opportunities, such as increasing efficiency through new technology or outsourcing?

YES	NO	NOT SURE	N/A				
If so, HOW? If	not, WHY?						
Brainstorm: H	low Do We Improve	PIdeas, Learning, Next Steps	1	PRIORITY:	High	Medium	Low
1.7: Are we w	orking towards b	uilding diversified, mult	i-year, predictable fui	nding?			
YES	NO	NOT SURE	N/A				
If so, HOW? If		NOTSORE	1975				
Brainstorm: H	low Do We Improve	PIdeas, Learning, Next Steps		PRIORITY:	High	Medium	Low

### 1.8: Do we create individual program budgets that contribute to the overall organizational budget?

YES NO NOT SURE N/A

If so, HOW? If not, WHY?

Brainstorm: How Do We Improve? Ideas, Learning, Next Steps

PRIORITY: High Medium Low